

Up- and Down Conversion of Functional (M-A-Ch) Materials a strategy combining solid state synthesis of functional materials, resource efficiency and computational modeling



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Concept	Synthesis of Functional M-A-X-Materials	is of Materials by: Conversion Chemistry Functional M-A-X-Materials by conversion processes	Sustainability and Resource Efficiency
 From one-way- to multi-conversion reactions up-, down-, forth-conversion Sustainable chemical processes: Dissolution Control of product formation Sustainability and resource efficiency: Resource efficient processes Recovery/Substitution of critical elements Close reaction cycles Sol-Gel and Liquids reaction media: 	<complex-block></complex-block>	One way materials synthesis EOL: Waste Material	M ^R Resource efficient Materialials



- Metastable compounds
- Green IT:
 - DFT prediction on stability
 - Prediction of targets







M-A-X-Phase diagram: Materials and Conversions in Liquids and Melts





Goals

- Low temperature conversions
- Solved reaction mechanisms and paths
- > Conversion of SnX, $Bi_2X_{3,}$, InS to M_xAX_y compounds
- \blacktriangleright Dissolution of SnS and Bi_2S_3 :
- Muliple conversions, different paths
- Directed reactions and control of product formation
- Electronic design of materials properties
- Morphological templating
- > Formation of spintronic ($Co_3Sn_2S_2$), thermoelectric (Co_3InSnX_2 ,
 - Ir₂Sn₃X₃, Ni₃Sn₂S₂, PtSnX), superconducting (Ni₃Bi₂X₂) materials





Known and unknown compositons in the M-A-X-Phase diagram: investigationstep one (blue), step 2 (red) step 3 (yellow)

Ni

Co₂Sn₃Te₃; Ni_{0.33}Sn_{3.67}

Ni₃Sn₂S₂,

Ni₆SnS₂,

Ni₉SnS₂

Te₄,

Ni_{5.62}Se₂Sn

Ni_{2.86}SnTe₂

Nis 76SnTe2:

Rh

Rh₃Sn₂S₂

Rh₂Sn₃Te₃

| Ir

Ir₂Sn₃S₃

Ir₂Sn₃Se₃

Ir₂Sn₃Te₃

Pd

PdSnTe

Pd₅SnTe

Pd_{6+x}SnTe₂

Pt

Pd₇Se_{9.9}Sn₂ PtSnSe

PtSnS

PtSnTe

- \Rightarrow kinetic control of product formation
- \Rightarrow study of reaction mechanism
- \Rightarrow direction of reactions
- \Rightarrow Microwave assistance



- Novel Products and polymorphs
- Study of Reaction Paths
- Back and furth conversion
- DFT modeling Green IT
- Green Chemistry and reaction paths

Methods:

- Solid state synthesis
- In situ high- and low temperature and high pressure X-ray diffraction
- DFT modelling on various levels and codes CRYSTAL17, vasp, FPLO – energy diagrams, structure-property-relations, bond formation

References:

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| Fe

Fe₂SnS₄

l41/a

Co

Co₃Sn₂S₂

Co₂Sn₃Se₃

M = Mn

S

Se

Те

Mn₂SnS₄

Cmmm.

Mn₂SnSe₄

Mn₂SnTe₄

(Mn,Sn)Te

C2/m

Pnma

Pnma

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