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SPECIFIC SORTING PROCESS FOR INNOVATIVE SEPARATION - THE CASE OF SMARTPHONE RECYCLING

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Background and Aim

Approach

Modern **electronic devices** contain a large variety of **different materials**. Some of these are of high **market value** or can be considered as **critical** from an ecological, economic and social point of view, making their recovery particularly important.

The increase in **complexity** and the continuing **miniaturisation** of components present new challenges for recycling.

Today, valuable materials have to be extracted with manual labour, which can be **hazardous** due to Li-ion batteries, or will be lost in **unspecific recycling** processes.

The presented development of a recycling process has two main objectives: First, it wants to create a **safer process** compared to the manual processing of smartphones right now. A further objective is to generate an **economic benefit**. This is achieved by substituting manual labour with an automated processing and through higher recovery rates.

Module-Based Sorting Plant

Separation

- Electro Hydraulic Fragmentation
- Impact Crusher Classification
- Air Classifier
- Flip-Flow Screens Physical Sorting
- Magnetic Separator
- Eddy Current Separator
- Sensor-Based Sorting
- Colour Cameras
- NIR-Spectroscopy
- Metal Detection



Fig. 1: Module-Based Sorting Plant ©Fraunhofer IWKS

Creating an Individual Sorting Process for Specific EoL Products

- Analysis of valuable material content in smartphones
- Definition of sorting goals

- Evaluation of module yields
- Combination of modular process steps
- Optimisation of connected process steps \bullet

Fig. 2: Yield of different modules for large, manually presorted fractions (>50 mm); mean value of tested phone brands, excluding *apple*; rounded to integers

Sorter	Fraction	Eject	Reject	M%
Eddy Current Separator				
	Printed Circuit Boards	Х		97
	Light Metals	Х		99
	Non-Magnetic Steels		Х	89
	Plastic Covers		Х	95
	Display Glass		Х	98
Metal Detector				
	Printed Circuit Boards	Х		93
	Metal Parts	Х		92
	Plastic Covers		Х	86
	Display Glass		Х	100
Colour Camera				

Results Smartphones (SP) Electro Hydraulic Batteries Fragmentation Opened Impact SPs Crushing Crushed

✓ Easy and safe removal of batteries

- \checkmark Cost efficient fragmentation
- ✓ Use of established sorting processes
- \checkmark > 95 % of all Printed Circuit Boards (PCBs) in target fraction

Outlook:

- Digitisation and Machine — Learning in Sensor-Sorting
- Integration of Electrostatic _____ Separation

largest valuable material share from smartphones

	Printed Circuit Boards	Х		95
	Metal Parts	Х		57
	Plastic Covers		Х	65
	Display Glass	Х		89
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Challenges: Black Plastics, Reflections, Plastic-Metal-Compounds



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